

# In Year Fair Access Protocols

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Adopted by Mill Lane Primary School:

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# **In Year Fair Access Protocols**

#### 1. Rationale/Aims

There is a collective responsibility for all schools and academies to ensure that vulnerable groups of children are admitted on an equitable basis to a suitable school/academy as quickly as possible to ensure the safeguarding of all young people in Kirklees. We must all work together to protect them and act in their best interests. The Kirklees Fair Access Protocol will ensure that the needs of children and young people, who have difficulty in securing a school place, are met appropriately and efficiently through enrolment in a mainstream school/academy setting as quickly as possible, minimising the time that pupils spend out of school. The protocol operates in a fair and transparent way and the system is underpinned by consistency, openness and honesty that has the confidence of schools/academies, children and young people and parents/carers.

#### 2. Statutory Requirements (DfE School Admissions Code 2014)

'The operation of Fair Access Protocols is outside the arrangements of co-ordination and is triggered when a parent of an eligible child has not secured a school place under in-year admission procedures.'

All admission authorities must participate in the Fair Access Protocol in order to ensure that unplaced children are allocated a school place quickly.'

### Legislation: School Admissions Code (2014) section 3: Ensuring Fairness and Resolving Issues

- Fair Access Protocols Each local authority must have a Fair Access Protocol, agreed with the majority of schools in its area to ensure that outside the normal admissions round unplaced children, especially the most vulnerable, are offered a place at a suitable school as quickly as possible. In agreeing a protocol, the local authority must ensure that no school including those with available places is asked to take a disproportionate number of children who have been excluded from other schools, or who have challenging behaviour. The protocol must include how the local authority will use provision to ensure that the needs of pupils who are not ready for mainstream schooling are met.
- The operation of Fair Access Protocols is outside the arrangements of co-ordination and is triggered when a
  parent of an eligible child has not secured a school place under in-year admission procedures.
- All admission authorities **must** participate in the Fair Access Protocol in order to ensure that unplaced children are allocated a school place quickly. There is no duty for local authorities or admission authorities to comply with Parent preference when allocating places through the Fair Access Protocol.
- Where a governing body does not wish to admit a child with challenging behaviour outside the normal admissions round, even though places are available, it must refer the case to the local authority for action under the Fair Access Protocol. This will normally only be appropriate where a school has a particularly high proportion of children with challenging behaviour or previously excluded children. This provision will not apply to a looked after child, a previously looked after child or a child with a statement of special educational needs or Education, Health and Care Plan naming the school in question, as these children must be admitted.
- Admission authorities **must not** refuse to admit a child thought to be potentially disruptive, or likely to exhibit challenging behaviour, on the grounds that the child is first to be assessed for special educational needs.
- A Fair Access Protocol **must not** require a school automatically to take another child with challenging behaviour in the place of a child excluded from the school.

#### Other useful reference links:

Fair Access Protocols: Principles and Process, Departmental Advice, November 2012

Fair Access Protocols: Case Studies November 2012

#### 3. Pupils considered in the Protocol:

#### Statutory categories include;

- a) children from the criminal justice system or Pupil Referral Units who need to be reintegrated into mainstream education;
- b) children who have been out of education for two months or more;
- c) children of Gypsies, Roma, Travellers, refugees and asylum seekers;
- d) children who are homeless;
- e) children with unsupportive family backgrounds for whom a place has not been sought;
- f) children who are carers; and
- g) children with special educational needs, disabilities or medical conditions (but without a statement or Education, Health and Care Plan).

#### The Kirklees Council Fair Access Protocol will also consider;

- h) children who have been permanently excluded;
- i) children of UK Service personnel and crown servants when a parent has not been able to secure a school place within a reasonable distance under in-year admission procedures.
- j) Kirklees children previously educated in a school outside of the authority when a parent has not been able to secure a school place within a reasonable distance under in-year admission procedures
- k) children a governing body does not wish to admit outside the normal admissions round due to challenging behaviour <sup>1</sup>
- l) children returning from Elective Home Education where there has been a significant house move or the previous school is full <sup>2</sup>
- m) in year applications for Year 11 children (received in the Spring and Summer terms) <sup>3</sup>
- n) When School Attendance Orders have been sought by the Local Authority when no evidence of education is provided

In all cases categories will not apply to a looked after child, a previously looked after child or a child with a statement of special educational needs or Education, Health and Care Plan naming the school in question, as these children must be admitted.

Governing Bodies are required to refer such ICAFs to the Pupil Admissions manager with relevant supporting evidence to confirm that the school has a particularly high proportion of children with challenging behaviour or previously excluded children and evidence from the child's previous school and/or other professional agency to show the additional support that was in

<sup>2</sup> The Fair Access Panel will not normally consider children returning from Elective Home Education, the child should always be offered a place at the school which they previously attended if the school is not full and parent requests it. Only if a significant house move has taken place or the previous school is full, will the Fair Access Panel consider the placement of the child at

place for the child and that the child has had a significantly high number of fixed term exclusions within 5 school days of receipt to enable the local authority to establish if the case is considered appropriate to be considered for a Fair Access placement.

another school. Schools/Academies are required to refer such ICAFs to the Pupil Admissions Manager within 2 school days of receipt to ensure these can be considered by the panel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Schools/Academies are required to refer such ICAFs to the Pupil Admissions Manager within 2 school days of receipt to ensure these can be considered by the panel.

4. Children Looked After by the local authority or children who have previously been Looked After by the local authority (and are now subject to an Adoption Order, a Special Guardianship Order or a Residence Order)

LAC and PLAC **will not** be included in the Fair Access protocol and these children <u>must</u> be admitted and must always be admitted to the preferred school/academy requested by the parent/carer. This applies to all schools regardless of status.

In recognition of the challenges for schools in admitting Children Looked After or Previously Looked After, the receiving school should notify the local authority when the child is placed on roll and the relevant fair access tally credit will be applied. If the pupil is a recently permanently excluded pupil (category h), the relevant funding may also be claimed.

#### 5. Behaviour and Attendance Collaboratives (BACs)

BACs operate outside of the Fair Access Protocols and follow the core principles that support the approach of securing learning places for pupils: the health, happiness and success of all children in the community is a collective responsibility. BACs share information around learning and behaviour, share resources, staff and expertise in a genuine partnership based on integrity, equality and ambition and make joint decisions about managed moves particularly those relating to more complex cases. BACs will report on in year admissions and managed moves agreed for the Fair Access Panel to take into consideration when placing a child. All schools and Ethos Academy Trust are represented by a member of staff with delegated responsibility to make decisions at the meeting. The Head Teacher is the core member and determines representation for their school, ensuring continuity of membership and a commitment to timetable that person to attend.

It may not be in a child's best interest to move schools in year therefore the home school/academy is always requested to liaise with the parent/carer of the pupil seeking a new school/academy to discuss concerns and BACs are encouraged to discuss if a managed move may be more appropriate in these circumstances if this is agreed by the parent/carer.

#### 6. Fair Access Panels

There are two age-related panels - primary (5-11) and secondary (11-16).

The **Primary** fair access admissions panel consists of;

- 3 representative headteachers from the primary sector one of which will chair the panel meeting.
- A representative of Ethos Academy Trust
- A representative from the Day 6 Provider
- A senior officer from the learning and early support service
- o A representative of the admissions team
- Clerk to the panel
- For other children, a representative from Education Safeguarding APS team or representative relative to the category of the child.

The primary Fair Access Panel will meet virtually or in person half termly and more often as and when required to support timely pupil placements.

Primary headteachers are invited to observe if they wish to and/or volunteer to become part of a pool of headteachers to serve on the panel.

For consistency, one headteacher panel member from the previous panel will be asked to Chair at the following panel meeting.

The **Secondary** fair access admissions panel consists of;

- o 3 representative headteachers from the secondary sector one of which will chair the panel meeting
- o A representative of Ethos Academy Trust
- o A representative from the Day 6 Provider
- A senior officer from learning and early support service
- o A representative of the admissions team
- Clerk to the panel
- For other children, a representative from Education Safeguarding APS team or representative relative to the category of the child.

The secondary Fair Access Panel will meet virtually or in person every 3 weeks in term time or as often as and when required to support timely pupil placements.

Secondary Headteachers are invited to observe if they wish and/or volunteer to become part of a pool of headteachers to serve on the panel.

For consistency, one headteacher panel member from the previous panel will be asked to Chair at the following panel meeting.

#### 7. Operation

The School Admissions Code (2014) confirms that all schools/academies share a collective responsibility to ensure that vulnerable groups of children are admitted on an equitable basis to a suitable school as quickly as possible. This approach prevents a small number of schools/academies being under pressure to admit pupils who have a high level of need. The Fair Access Protocol requires all academies, community, free, voluntary aided, voluntary controlled and trust schools in Kirklees to take part and abide by the content and spirit of the agreement, no admission authority can opt out.

The Fair Access Protocol applies to pupils who live in Kirklees, pupils living in other local authority areas will be covered by their home local authority fair access protocol.

Fair Access admissions panels of headteachers, supported by local authority officers and other relevant agency professionals, will ensure the equitable placement of pupils and monitor the operation of this protocol.

The protocol will ensure that no school/academy, including those with available places is asked to take a disproportionate number of children who have been permanently excluded.

Fair Access Protocols should not be used as a means to circumvent or delay the normal in-year admissions process. A parent /carer has a statutory right to apply for a place as an in-year admission at any point and has a statutory entitled to an admission appeal once per academic year per school/academy if a place cannot be offered because the school is full in the year group.

Requests for In Year admissions will continue to be processed at school/academy/local authority level. It is already agreed locally by all schools/academies that applications for in year admissions will be submitted to the Pupil Admissions team within 48 hours (2 days) of receipt. The majority of in year admissions will be processed without recourse to the Fair Access Protocol. This complies with the provisions of <a href="mailto:the School Admissions Code">the School Admissions Code</a> which envisages that the Fair Access Protocol will be used only in circumstances where a parent/carer of a child has not secured a placed under the agreed In year admission process.

There is no duty for panels to comply with Parent preference however parents/carers will be asked to name up to three preference schools, in order of preference. This will happen at a meeting with a relevant professional who will offer impartial advice and guidance and provide data and information about placements made at schools/academies under fair access (in the last 3 terms) in order to highlight that any preference school/academy may not able to

receive further placements at that time. Parents/carers should also be informed that schools within a reasonable distance to the home address if not included within their preferences, will also be considered by the Panel unless the pupil is currently on roll at that school.

Schools/academies will not refuse to admit a pupil who has been denied a place at a previous appeal if the protocol identifies that school/academy as the one to admit the child.

Schools/academies will not refuse to admit a pupil who has had a failed managed move at the school if the protocol identifies the school/academy as the one to admit the child.

#### 8. Placement Process

The clerk to the panel will consult with the schools/academies (electronically) that have been named by the parent/carer and any nominated by the local authority a minimum of **5 school days** before a panel meeting. Notified schools/academies may offer, in writing (electronically), an acceptance if the school/academy is willing to offer the child a place or provide any extenuating circumstances which constitutes a refusal for not being able to accept a pupil into the school/academy or into a given year group.

When considering the placement of pupils the Fair Access Panel will always operate;

- To meet the best interests of the pupil
- To enable all schools to play their part in supporting hard to place pupils
- To share good practice and alternative options
- o To seek placements for pupils who have been permanently excluded
- To ensure places are allocated equitably
- o To challenge schools who do not adhere to the Fair Access Protocol
- To ensure the local authority and schools/academies are working in partnership when seeking admission for pupils via the Fair Access Protocol.
- To ensure that information about pupils is provided to schools/academies and support is available to pupils to secure their effective integration into school.

When considering the placement of pupils the Fair Access Panel will always take into account;

- the receiving school's permanent exclusion, fair access and other placement tally's
- parent / carer preferences
- the distance and impact of travel arrangements from the pupil's home address
- o any previous serious breakdown in relationship between the school/academy and the pupil/family,
- o where the family do not agree with the religious ethos of the school/academy,
- o the potential of the child to meet entry requirements for selective schools/academies,
- the data and information relating to pupils placed as well as the school context so no school/academy is requested to admit numbers of children disproportionately
- o factual extenuating circumstances that are put forward by possible receiving schools/academies.
- Other professional evidence/advice received from external groups/agencies

For each placement, the local authority will provide information to inform and support the panel to make decisions.

The information for each placement will include;

- nearest schools/academies to the child's home address (minimum of 6)
- distance from home including public transport/driving/walking arrangements.
- OFSTED categories of schools being considered
- Parent preferences (maximum of 3)
- % of pupils with EHCP
- number on roll in the school and relevant year group

- other exceptional circumstances provided to the local authority by schools/academies during the consultation/placement process
- information about pupil involvement with any other professional agencies as known

Consultations may need to extend beyond Parent preferences and the six nearest schools in order to ensure fairness and equity of placements where schools in particular areas are experiencing higher demand for fair access placements and/or if class size legislation applies for primary placements at KS1.

The circumstances of the individual pupil, in terms of what is best for them, must be considered; whether they are ready for mainstream schooling and, if so, which mainstream school will be best able to meet their needs. Fair Access Protocols avoid an inflexible approach, where schools/academies are routinely expected to admit the next child in line without any consideration of other factors. The allocation of pupils will be equitable with no one school/academy being required to take a disproportionate number of challenging children.

Reintegration plans by the relevant Day 6 Provider for permanently excluded pupils should be drawn up at an early stage. In general, pupils should not be reintegrated to mainstream schools/academies unless they are ready and schools/academies should not be required or pressured into taking a pupil until any behavioural problems have been assessed, suitably addressed and the pupil ready to take the step back into a mainstream setting.

Additional help is offered to schools/academies to reintegrate some pupils, for example, Ethos Academy Trust teachers continuing to work with the pupil when they have returned to mainstream school or a dual registration arrangement where, for a short period of time, the pupil spends part of the week in Reach or Engage Academy (part of Ethos Academy Trust) and part in the school/academy.

Admission arrangements will be formally amended such that schools/academies will admit a hard to place pupil under the scheme even if over the Published Admission Number (PAN) as identified within the protocol. Any such an admission will not prejudice any admission appeal.

Schools cannot cite oversubscription as a reason for not admitting a pupil under the Fair Access Protocol. Hard to place pupils should be given priority for admission over others on a waiting list or awaiting an admission appeal.

#### 9. Admission following a panel decision

Schools will be accountable for complying with the decision of the Fair Access Panel

In order to quickly and efficiently re-integrate children in to mainstream schooling, the normal guidance not to admit mid-term is waived. Schools/academies must respond to requests for admission to ensure that access to education is secured quickly.

The Local Authority will notify the school/academy of the date by which the parent/carer of the pupil should be contacted and the date the pupil is to be on the roll by at the placement school. The school/academy will be accountable for the young person from that date. Contact with parent/carer will be made within 5 school days following the placement to arrange admission and the pupil will be placed on their roll within 10 school days - Notice is deemed to have been given on the same day if sent electronically, or on the second working day after posting if it is sent by first class mail.

### Additional support for the integration of pupils who are not ready for mainstream schooling

- Kirklees Local Authority provides comprehensive support to schools, pupils and parents/carers through specialist learning support.
- Ethos Academy Trust is part of specialist learning support and provides full-time or part-time education and support to pupils whose needs can currently not be met in mainstream education alone. They work very closely with mainstream schools/academies and support education of these pupils through full-time or part-time placement in Ethos Academy Trust, additional support in the mainstream setting, outreach work or, for pupils in key stage four, full-time or part-time placement in alternative provision.
- Pupils who "are not ready for mainstream schooling" (paragraph 3.9 of the Admissions Code 2014) will normally already be known to the service and will in most cases have a full-time placements appropriate for their key stage.
- Reintegration into mainstream will be considered when there is a realistic chance of success, reintegration will be carefully planned in close cooperation with the receiving school/academy and supported by the service, the support programme can include reasonable adjustments to be made by the receiving school.
- When a school/academy has been allocated an eligible pupil, the school/academy can contact the service shown in the table for support/advice (Appendix 1) and set up a pre-admission meeting to construct a support programme for the pupil and the school/academy. At the end of that meeting, a support programme should be written up, clearly stating who is going to do what in terms of reintegration support.

For all pupils under the scope of this protocol, as for any other pupil in their care, schools/academies can make a referral to the single point of referral (SPR) after the child is put on roll should they feel they cannot meet the needs of these pupils without additional input from specialist learning support. All referrals are considered by the panel within a week and the SPR panel will allocate support where it considers it to be necessary.

#### 10. Disputes

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/275581/directions\_flow\_chart.pdf

In the unlikely event that a school/academy is unable to accept a decision;

There is no right of appeal for a community or voluntary controlled school where the Local Authority is the admission authority. The child must be admitted.

If an own admission authority maintained school refuses to admit a pupil assigned under this protocol after the panel has fully considered the case, they must inform the local authority within 7 calendar days. The local authority will inform in writing (electronically) the school of their intention to direct to admit the pupil giving 7 calendar days notice. The governing body has 7 calendar days to reconsider and respond. On the 8<sup>th</sup> day the Service Director-Learning and Early Support, Learning and Skills, will direct the school to admit the pupil under his/her powers in Section 96 of the Schools Standards and Framework Act 1998. The Governing Body has the right to appeal the direction by submitting a case to the Schools Adjudicator within 15 calendar days of the direction. The final decision will be made by the Schools Adjudicator.

If an academy refuses to admit a pupil assigned under this protocol after the panel has fully considered the case, the academy will inform in writing (electronically) the local authority **within 7 calendar days** of the panel notification The Local Authority informs the academy trust of their intention to request a direction from the Secretary of State. The academy trust has 15 calendar days to reconsider and respond in writing). On the 16<sup>th</sup> day the Service Director-Learning and Early Support, Learning and Skills will make the application to the ESFA for a decision by the Secretary of State. When reviewing an academy direction case, the Education & Skills Funding Agency will act on behalf of the Secretary of State. The final decision will be made by the Secretary of State.

If a parent / carer is not happy with the school/academy allocated by the Fair Access Panel the pupil must be placed on roll at the placement school by the date given by the local authority and the parent can apply in the normal way for a school/academy of their preference. If the in year application is refused because the preference school/academy is full the parent/carer can then appeal in the normal way for admission but during this time must be put on roll at the placement school until such time that another school place is secured. Parents/carers have a statutory right to be admitted to a school/academy that has places available therefore, this statutory right cannot be overridden by the fair access protocol.

In recognition of the challenges for schools in admitting the above children the new receiving school should notify the local authority when the child is placed on roll and the relevant fair access tally credit and the funding if the child is a Permanent Excluded pupil (category h) may be claimed.

Fair Access Panels will not re-consider placement decisions that are made unless evidence is made available that the panel could not have been made aware of by the school/academy or other professional group/agency directly involved with the child during the consultation process prior to the fair access placement.

## 11. Data and Information

Fair Access Panel will;

- Monitor the pattern of exclusions and re-integrations of pupils;
- o Review the operation of this protocol with headteacher groups.
- o Annually at the September Fair Access Panel meeting, monitor the number of pupils placed and the time they were out of school and the reasons for this.
- Monitor the allocation of pupils to schools/academies, whether each school/academy has received its
   "fair" share and how to resolve any perceived inequities in the system;

# Tally for permanently excluded pupils (PX) - (category h)

- Each tally reduction / increase will apply for 3 terms and go on a half termly basis (inclusive).
- The establishment of a Kirklees Fair Access protocol started in 2006 and all primary and secondary schools/academies had a level score of 0 at that time on the PX tally.
- Every placement of a permanently excluded pupil **increases** the PX tally by **1** from the date of allocation i.e. the date the panel make the decision to place the pupil.
- Every pupil leaving the school/academy **reduces** the PX tally by **1** from the date the panel places the permanently excluded pupil.
- o If a pupil who has been placed at a school/academy is taken off roll within the 3 term rolling programme, the school/academy tally will be adjusted.

These numbers will be over a 3 term rolling basis and the data for all schools/academies will be updated and circulated after each panel in the interests of transparency.

The local authority will provide additional data for each school/academy relating to **all other categories of fair access placements** at each panel meeting and the previous years Fair Access placement data will be made available.

Behaviour and Attendance Collaboratives (BACs) are requested to make data relating to managed moves and In Year applications for all schools/academies available to the Pupil Admissions Manager on a termly basis so that this information can be shared and taken into consideration by the Fair Access Panel.

#### 12. Funding via agreement by Schools Forum - for permanently excluded pupils (category h)

The principle underpinning financial support is that the funding should always follow the pupil.

Please see appendix 2 which sets out the details about financial support in relation to Fair Access placements. This will be reviewed annually and/or in line with any changes to school funding and legislation.

The pupil placement tariff will be transferred to the receiving school/academy to support reintegration. These
payments are reviewed and agreed locally by Schools Forum in consultation with KHSH, KPH and senior officers
in the authority. Pupils with an Education Health and Care Plan or a Statement of Special Educational Needs or
Looked after Children and Previously Looked after Children (should they be excluded) are not placed by Fair
Access Protocols.

Any balance of AWPU received and sums for pupils with an Education Health and Care Plan /Statement of Special Educational Needs are retained by the local authority to;

- fund the support of Kirklees pupils who have been excluded by another authority
- transfer to Ethos Academy Trust to fund personalised packages of support when a Day 6 place is not available or is not appropriate.

#### 13. Governance

The operation of the Kirklees Fair Access protocol will be monitored by the Places Access and Inclusion Committee which reports to the Education and Learning Partnership Board. The committee meets termly and will consider the operation of the protocol annually. The committee will receive information about the number of permanent exclusions and the number of pupils placed under each fair access category. The committee will oversee schools' compliance with the fair access protocol and if necessary refer schools/academies causing concern to the Education and Learning Partnership Board who will raise with the appropriate accountable bodies, including the Office of the Schools Adjudicator and/or the Regional Schools Commissioner on behalf of the Secretary of State.

In the event that the majority of schools in an area can no longer support the principles and approach of the local Protocol, all the school heads should initiate a review with the local authority. The existing Protocol however remains binding on all schools up until the point at which a new one is adopted

#### 14. Key Contacts

#### **Pupil Admissions Team**

Kirkgate Building, Byram Street, Huddersfield, HD1 1BY

Telephone: 01484 225007 Email pupiladmissions@kirklees.gov.uk

### **Ethos Academy Trust:**

Knowles Hill Road, Dewsbury Moor, Dewsbury, West Yorkshire, WF13 4QS

Telephone: 01924 469170 Email: ethosoffice@eat.uk.com

#### Children Missing Education (CME) Team

Kirkgate Building, Byram Street, Huddersfield, HD1 1BY

Telephone: 01484 221000 Email: missing.children@kirklees.gov.uk

#### Education Safeguarding APS Team (EHE and Business Support for Fair Access)

Kirkgate Building, Byram Street, Huddersfield, HD1 1BY

Telephone: 01484 221000 Email: education.safeguardingservice@kirklees.gov.uk

Appendix 1 - Fair Access Categories Table
(\*Fair Access Panels will not admit over PAN if class size legislation applies for primary placements at KS1)

	tegory	Who refers to FAP	e legislation applies for primary placements at KS1)  Action	Support	Funded category y/n	Tally - PX/ other category
a)	children from the criminal justice system or Pupil Referral Units who need to be reintegrated into mainstream education	Youth Offending Team Ethos Academy Trust	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered  Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	Youth Offending Team/ Ethos Academy Trust organises and provides advice, guidance and support as appropriate and where necessary	N	other category
b)	children who have been out of education for two months or more	Education Safeguarding APS Service	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered  Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	Education Safeguarding APS Service organises and provides advice, guidance and support as appropriate and where necessary	N	other category
c)	children of Gypsies, Roma, Travellers, refugees and asylum seekers	Education Safeguarding APS Service	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered  Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	Education Safeguarding APS Service provides advice, guidance and support as appropriate and where necessary	N	other category
d)	children who are homeless	Education Safeguarding APS Service	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered  Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	Education Safeguarding APS Service organises and provides advice, guidance and support as appropriate and where necessary	N	other category
e)	children with unsupportive family backgrounds for whom a place has not been sought	Pupil Admissions/ Education Safeguarding APS Service	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered  Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	Pupil Admissions/ Education Safeguarding APS Service organises and provides advice, guidance and support as appropriate and where necessary	N	other category
f)	children who are carers	Pupil Admissions/ Education Safeguarding APS Service	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered  Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	Pupil Admissions/ Education Safeguarding APS Service organises and provides advice, guidance and support as appropriate and where necessary	N	other category
g)	children with special educational needs, disabilities or medical conditions (but without a statement or Education, Health and Care Plan)	Pupil Admissions/ Education Safeguarding APS Service	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	Pupil Admissions/ Education Safeguarding APS Service Support organises and provides advice, guidance and support as appropriate and where necessary	N	other category
h)	children who have been permanently excluded	Day 6 Provider	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered  Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	Day 6 Provider organises and provides advice, guidance and support	Y	PX

Cat	iegory	Who refers to FAP	Action	Support	Funded category y/n	Tally PX/ other category
i)	children of UK Service personnel and crown servants	Pupil Admissions	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered  Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	N/A	N	other category
j)	in-year applications for Kirklees children previously educated in a school outside of authority (where no significant house move) when a school place cannot be secured under normal in-year admission procedures	Pupil Admissions following local authority (LA) consideration of school notification if it is approved	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	N/A	N	other category
k)	children a governing body does not wish to admit outside the normal admissions round due to challenging behaviour	Pupil Admissions Following LA consideration of Governing Body request if approved	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	LA/Ethos Academy Trust organises and provides advice, guidance and support where necessary	N	other category
I)	Children returning from Elective Home Education where there has been a significant house move or the previous school is full	Education Safeguarding APS Service/Pupil Admissions following LA consideration of school notification if it is approved	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	Education Safeguarding APS Service organises and provides advice, guidance and support as appropriate.	N	other category
m)	in year applications for Year 11 children (received in the Spring and Summer terms)	Pupil Admissions following LA consideration of school notification if it is approved	Parent/carer preference will be made known to the panel to be taken into account and those schools and other schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered  Fair Access Panel: Can admit over PAN*	N/A	N	other category
n)	When School Attendance Orders have been sought by the Local Authority when no evidence of education is provided	Education Safeguarding APS Service	Schools within reasonable distance from the home to be considered Fair Access Panel : Can admit over PAN*	Education Safeguarding APS Service organises and provides advice, guidance and support as appropriate and where necessary	N	other category

#### Appendix 2 - Funding arrangements/agreement

In Kirklees we operate a system in addition to that set out by the Department for Education (DfE). This is a local agreement, agreed by all schools to offer more support to those most complex needs pupils as they move from one school to another. It is recognised that permanently excluded pupils being admitted into a new school often require a range of additional support to ensure that the new placement is a success. In the case of Secondary schools this is currently £10,000 and Primary schools it is currently £6,000. These amounts are reviewed annually and agreed locally by Schools Forum in consultation with KHSH, KPH and senior officers in the authority.

According to government legislation when pupils are permanently excluded the LA must deduct from the school budget, the amount within the formula that relates to the age and personal circumstances of that pupil. The charges will be pro rata to the number of complete weeks remaining in the financial year. The funding will then be allocated to the receiving school for the remaining weeks of the financial year.

Following analysis of the operational guide from the DfE and reviewing the practice of charges over the last few years, this system puts the needs of the young person at the heart of the process. It also means that monitoring of the charges in schools and in the LA will be a transparent process.

Whilst the AWPU and the other personal circumstance related elements of the school budget will be charged for in year pro rata for the remaining weeks in the financial year, the tariff will be charged as one amount and not prorated across the financial years.

The system is child focussed and puts the child at the heart of the process with additional funds being transferred with them to assist with their initial additional needs.

Weighting the payment tariff to the school admitting the pupil, based on the reason for permanent exclusion has been considered, however, whilst there is certain merit to the idea of some pupils attracting more funding due to their needs there is also the fact that to administer this it could result in an additional layer of processes to determine the needs and this would be contentious and time consuming.

All charges will be made in the term of exclusion. All payments will be made to the receiving school within the term of admission.

If the pupil placed is of summer leaving age then the charge will be until the 31 July of that year.

Pupils entering Secondary education after a particularly short placement by FAP in a Primary school in Year 6, are still in need of additional support to assist with their transition into a new learning environment so for pupils whose admission to primary is within the last half term of the Summer Term, a proportion of the £6,000 will be paid to the High School when the child is placed on roll to assist with their transition, providing the school the flexibility to provide the child with the best possibility of success.

One outcome of the High Needs Review (HNR) is that all pupils should be appropriately supported in their local school where ever possible. If the placement of our vulnerable children is more adequately supported by this process this should result in more successful admissions in mainstream schools and a reduced need for more alternative/special places.

For this system to be fair and transparent all maintained schools and academies agree the process for the benefit of the pupil.

Academies are funded by academic year however, funding is based on the October census. DfE guidance highlights that all charges/placements should be made within the LA financial year unless a further local agreement can be reached for academies.