Geography Progression Grid Class 3/4 – CYCLE 1



Autumn – RAINFORESTS	Spring- Spain and France	Summer- Amazing Americas	
Objectives –	Objectives –	Objectives-	
What is a rainforest?	To know where Spain is in the world.	To know and identify human and physical features in North and	
To know where in the world rainforests are.	To know where France is in the world.	South America.	
	To know and identify key features in France and Spain.		
What children will know and remember			
To know Rainforests are found near to the equator	To know that Spain and France are both in Europe and to	To know that the Americas are two separate continents consisting of	
between the tropic of Cancer and the tropic of	know where both countries are on a map of the world using	North and South America.	
Capricorn.	globes, atlases and digital maps		
(A rainforest is a kind of forest that gets a lot of rain and is full of tall trees, colourful birds, and amazing animals. Rainforests help keep our planet healthy by giving us clean air to breathe and soaking up carbon dioxide.)			
To know and locate using maps (digital and hard copy) some countries where rainforests can be found - Brazil, India, Peru, Mexico, Australia and Malaysia and that rainforests can be found in every continent except Antarctica.	To know that the capital cities of France and Spain are Paris and Madrid respectively	To know the Americas include North America, (which has countries like the United States, Canada & Mexico), Central America, (which connects North America to South America) and South America, which is a big continent with countries like Brazil, Argentina, Peru and that the continent extends over several lines of latitude and longitude. (Lines of latitude and longitude are like invisible lines on a big globe or map. Latitude lines run sideways around the Earth, like the rungs of a ladder. They help us know how far north or south a place is from the equator, which is like the middle line around the Earth's belly. Longitude lines go up and down from the North Pole to the South Pole. They help us know how far east or west a place is from a special line called the Prime Meridian, which goes through Greenwich, England.)	
To know that the climate in the rain forest is warm and wet all year which makes it an ideal place for plants to grow	To know the continent of Europe is in the northern hemisphere with the Arctic Ocean to the north, the Atlantic Ocean to the west and the Mediterranean Sea to the south.	To know that a line of longitude goes around the globe vertically and a line of latitude goes around the globe horizontally	
(Climate is what the weather is like nearly all the time)	(Hemisphere means half of the sphere and the sphere in this case is the globe/earth)		
To know that some positive and negative impacts of	To know the human and physical geographical similarities	To know that the Americas have a variety of climates including:	
deforestation:	and differences between France and Spain	Tropical Climates: Near the equator - usually warm all year round	
Positive - jobs are created in logging and	Similarities - France and Spain are home to the	with high humidity and often have rainforests.	
transporting timber and manufacturing	Pyrenees mountain range, which forms a natural	Desert Climates: In places like the south-western United States,	
products & that selling land raises	border between the two countries; both countries	Mexico, and parts of South America - hot and dry, with very little	
money for local people	have extensive coastlines along the Atlantic Ocean	rainfall.	

 Negative - people's homes are 	and the Mediterranean Sea; France and Spain share	<u>Temperate Climates</u> : In North America, especially in the United States	
destroyed; animals and plants may	similar climate zones, including the Mediterranean	and Canada, you'll find temperate climates. These areas have four	
become extinct through habitat loss;	climate along their southern coasts, characterized by	distinct seasons – spring, summer, fall, and winter – with moderate	
plants that may have been useful could	hot, dry summers and mild, wet winters; France and	temperatures and a mix of rainfall and snowfall.	
be lost	Spain have urbanized populations, with major cities	Mediterranean Climates: Along the west coast of North and South	
be 103t	serving as economic, cultural, and political centres;	America, including California, parts of Chile, and the west coast of	
(Deforestation means cutting down a lot of trees in a	both countries have well-developed transportation	Mexico, you'll find Mediterranean climates. These areas have warm,	
forest)	networks, including high-speed rail systems (TGV in	dry summers and mild, wet winters.	
Torest)	France and AVE in Spain)	Mountain Climates: In mountainous regions like the Rocky Mountains	
	Differences - France has beaches, mountains, and	in North America and the Andes Mountains in South America, you'll	
	farms whereas Spain has far fewer farms; France has	find mountain climates very cold temperatures, especially at higher	
	big rivers whereas Spain dies not have as many big	elevations, and often experience snowfall.	
	rivers; the two countries have two difference	Polar Climates: In the far north and south, like Alaska, Canada's Arctic	
	language – French and Spanish; the traditional foods	regions, and parts of Antarctica (which is technically part of the	
	are different - bread, cheese, and pastries for France	Americas), you'll find polar climates. These areas are extremely cold	
	and paella and tapas for Spain	and often covered in ice and snow.	
To know that: a canopy layer is where trees form a	To know the most famous landmarks of France are the Eiffel	To know that Biomes are large geographical areas with similar	
roof over the plants below; in the understorey	Tower: the Louvre Museum and the Versailles Palace and in	climate, soil, plants, and animals and that, in the America, the	
layer trees grow to less than 4m tall; on the	Spain the most famous landmarks are the Sagrada Família	different climates have different biomes and that vegetation belts are	
forest floor there are very few plants	and the Alhambra	like belts that wrap around the earth with similar plants growing in	
Torest floor there are very few plants		each belt	
	(landmark is a famous/special place or thing – can be a		
	building/manmade structure or it can be natural e.g.		
	waterfall)		
Disciplinary skills and knowledge			
To define human and physical characteristics of	To communicate geographical data through maps,	To define human and physical characteristics of places and locations	
places and locations and understand the actions	numerical data and writing – compare Spain and France	and understand the actions of processes – define the different	
of processes – to know the physical	using geographical knowledge	physical characteristics within the Americas	
characteristics of a rainforest and the impact			
humans may have upon them			
namans may have apon them			